

Product Name EpiMax 950

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

Supplier Name	EPIMAX TECHNOLOGIES PTY LTD
Address	23 HARGRAVES PLACE WETHERILL PARK NSW 2164 AUSTRALIA
Telephone	1300 721 522
Fax	(02) 9904 3207
Emergency	1300 721 522
Synonym(s)	950 • 9095020 – PRODUCT CODE • WATER BASED SILOXANE
Use(s)	MOISTURE AND MOULD PROTECTION
SDS Date	03/12/22

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Packing Group

UN No.	None Allocated	DG CLASS	None Allocated	Subsidiary Risk(s)	None Allocated
S45	In case of acc	dent or if you feel	unwell, seek medical ac	lvice immediately	
		,	nemical powder or foam		
S43			•		
S38		•	, wear suitable respirat		
S36/37/39	Wear suitable	protective clothin	g, gloves and eye face p	rotection	
S24/25	Avoid contact	with skin and eyes	i		
S2	Keep out of re	each of children			
SAFETY PHRASES					
R43	May cause se	nsitisation by skin o	contact		
R36/38	Irritating to e	es and skin			
R20/21/22	Harmful by in	halation, in contact	t with skin and if swallo	wed	
RISK PHRASES					

Hazchem Code

3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

None Allocated

Ingredient	Formula	CAS NO.	Content
DIMETHYL, METHYLHYDROGEN	NOT AVAILABLE	68037-59-2	5% - 10%
SILOXANE			
N-OCTYLTRIETHOXYSILANE	NOT AVAILABLE	2943-75-1	5% - 10%
TRACE CHEMICALS	NOT AVAILABLE	NOT AVAILABLE	<1%
WATER	H ₂ O	007732-18-5	BALANCE

None Allocated

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Еуе	If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush continuously with running water. Continue flushing until advised to stop by a Poisons Information Centre, a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes.
Inhalation	If inhaled, remove from contaminated area. To protect rescuer, use a Type A (Organic vapour) respirator or an Airline respirator (in poorly ventilated areas). Apply artificial respiration if not breathing.
Skin	If skin or hair contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and flush skin and hair with running water. Continue flushing with water until advised to stop by a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.
Ingestion	For advice, contact a Poison Information Centre on 13 11 26 (Australia Wide) or a doctor (at once). If swallowed, do not induce vomiting.
Special Treatment	Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Special Hazards	May evolve toxic gases (carbon oxides, phenols, hydrocarbons) when heated to decomposition. Eliminate all ignition sources including cigarettes, open flames, spark producing switches/tools, heaters, naked lights, pilot lights, mobile phones etc. when handling. Earth containers when dispensing fluids.
Advice for firefighters	Evacuate area and contact emergency services. Toxic gases may be evolved in a fire situation. Remain upwind and notify those downwind of hazard. Wear full protective equipment including Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) when combating fire. Use waterfog to cool intact containers and nearby storage areas.
Extinguishing Media Hazchem Code	Dry agent, carbon dioxide or water fog. Prevent contamination of drains or waterways None allocated

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

SpillageContact emergency services where appropriate. Use personal protective equipment. Clear
area of all unprotected personnel. Ventilate area where possible. Contain spillage, then cover
/ absorb spill with non-combustible absorbent material (vermiculite, sand, or similar), collect
and place in suitable containers for disposal. Eliminate all ignition sources.

7. STORAGE AND HANDLING

Storage	Store tightly sealed in a cool, dry, well ventilated area, removed from oxidising agents, acids, alkalis, heat or ignition sources and foodstuffs. Ensure containers are adequately labelled, protected from physical damage and sealed when not in use. Check regularly for leaks or spills. Large storage areas should be bunded and have appropriate fire protection and ventilation systems.
Precautions for safe handling	Before use carefully read the product label. Use of safe work practices are recommended to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Observe good personal hygiene, including washing hands before eating. Prohibit eating, drinking and smoking in contaminated areas.

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8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTIONS

Exposure Stds	No exposure standard(s) allocated.
Biological Limits	No biological limit allocated.
Engineering Controls	Avoid inhalation. Use in well ventilated areas. Where an inhalation risk exists, mechanical extraction ventilation is recommended.
PPE	Wear splash-proof goggles, nitrile or viton (R) gloves, coveralls and a Type A (Organic vapour) respirator. If sanding dry product, wear: a Class P1 (Particulate) respirator. If spraying, with prolonged use, or if in confined areas, wear: impervious coveralls and an Air-line respirator.



9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance Odour	MILKY LIQUID CHARACTERISTIC AROMATIC	Solubility (water)	NOT AVAILABLE 1.04
pH	NOT AVAILABLE	Specific Gravity % Volatiles	1.04 NOT AVAILABLE
Vapour Pressure	<23 MBAR AS WATER	Flammability	NON FLAMMABLE
Vapour Density	NOT AVAILABLE	Flash Point	NOT DETERMINED
Boiling Point	100°C	Upper Explosion Limit	NOT AVAILABLE
Melting Point	NOT AVAILABLE	Lower Explosion Limit	NOT AVAILABLE
Evaporation Rate	NOT AVAILABLE		
Autoignition Rate	NOT DETERMINED	Decomposition Temperature	NOT AVAILABLE
Partition Coefficient	NOT AVAILABLE	Viscosity	NOT AVAILABLE

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability	Stable under recommended conditions of storage.
Conditions to avoid	Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.
Material to avoid	Incompatible with oxidising agents (eg. hypochlorites), acids (eg. nitric acid), alkalis (eg. hydroxides), heat and ignition sources.
Hazardous	May evolve toxic gases (carbon oxides, phenols, hydrocarbons) when heated to
Decomposition	decomposition.
Products Hazardous Reactions	Hazardous polymerization is not expected to occur.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Health hazard summary	This product has the potential to cause adverse health effects with over exposure. Use safe work practices to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. May cause sensitisation by skin contact. The cured product is considered non toxic.
Еуе	Irritant. Contact may result in irritation, lacrimation, pain, redness and conjunctivitis. May result in burns with prolonged contact.
Inhalation	Over exposure may result in irritation of the nose and throat, with coughing. Due to low
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	vapour pressures, it is not thought to be an inhalation hazard.
Skin	Irritant . Contact may result in irritation, redness, rash and dermatitis. Can cause burns. May cause sensitisation by skin contact.
Ingestion	Irritant. Moderate toxicity. Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiting, abdominal pain, diarrhoea, fatigue, dizziness and unconsciousness.
Toxicity Data	There is no toxicological information available for this product.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Other adverse effectsLimited ecotoxicity data was available for this product at the time this report was prepared.
Ensure appropriate measures are taken to prevent this product from entering the environment.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste disposalAbsorb with sand, vermiculite or similar and dispose of to an approved landfill site. Ensure
protective equipment is worn when mixing. Do not seal containers/tins until reaction is
complete. Contact the manufacturer for additional information. Prevent contamination of
drains or waterways as environmental damage may result.

Legislation Dispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

NOT CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE

Shipping Name	NONE ALLOCATED				
UN No.	NONE ALLOCATED	DG CLASS	NONE ALLOCATED	Subsidiary Risk(s)	NONE ALLOCATED
Packing Group	NONE ALLOCATED	Hazchem Code	NONE ALLOCATED	GTEPG	NONE ALLOCATED

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Poison ScheduleClassified as a Schedule 5 (S5) Poison using the criteria in the Standard for the Uniform
Scheduling of Drugs and Poisons (SUSDP).AICSAll chemicals listed on the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS).

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Additional information WELDING - SANDING - CUTTING DRIED OR CURED PRODUCT: If sanding, cutting or welding dried or cured product, adverse health effects may be avoided by the use of appropriate engineering controls and/or personal protective equipment. If welding, wear a Class P2 (Metal fume) respirator and depending on the nature of the surface being welded, additional protection (eg. for organic vapours/acid gas) may also be required. A Class P1 (Particulate) respirator is recommended if dust is generated.

RESPIRATORS: In general the use of respirators should be limited and engineering controls

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employed to avoid exposure. If respiratory equipment must be worn ensure correct respirator selection and training is undertaken. Remember that some respirators may be extremely uncomfortable when used for long periods. The use of air powered or air supplied respirators should be considered where prolonged or repeated use is necessary.

ABBREVIATIONS:

ACGIH - American Conference of Industrial Hygienists. ADG - Australian Dangerous Goods.

BEI - Biological Exposure Indice(s).

CAS# - Chemical Abstract Service number - used to uniquely identify chemical compounds.

CNS - Central Nervous System.

EC No - European Community Number.

HSNO - Hazardous Substances and New Organisms.

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer.

mg/m³ - Milligrams per Cubic Metre.

NOS - Not Otherwise Specified.

pH - relates to hydrogen ion concentration using a scale of 0 (high acidic) to 14 (highly alkaline). PPM - Parts Per Million.

RTECS - Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances.

STEL - Short Term Exposure Limit.

SWA - Safe Work Australia.

TWA - Time Weighted Average.